Ergon Energy Corporation Limited

Specification for the Fabrication of Tower Structures

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1. **Purpose and Scope**

This specification covers the supply of materials, including fasteners and accessories, fabrication, galvanising and testing of components for lattice steel towers. All costs related to this Section shall be deemed to be including in the Schedule of Rates for Structure Supply and Delivery.

2. **References**

2.1 **Ergon Energy controlled documents**

Nil

2.2 **Other sources**

AS 4100 – Steel Structures
AS 3678 – Structural steel – Hot-rolled plates, floorplates and slabs
AS 3679.1 – Structural steel – Hot-rolled bars and sections
AS 1559 – Hot-dip galvanised steel bolts with associated nuts and washers for tower construction
AS/NZS 1554 – Structural steel welding
AS 1214 – Hot-dip galvanised coatings on threaded fasteners (ISO metric coarse thread series)
AS/NZS 4680 - Hot-dip galvanised (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles

3. **Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**

3.1 **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

The following acronyms appear in this standard:

- AS Australian Standard
- AS/NZS Australian/New Zealand Standard
- GP General Purpose weld
- SP Structural Purpose weld
- ILAC International Laboratory Accreditation Co-operation

4. **Security**

Nil

5. **Safety, Environmental and Ergonomic Considerations**

As per Ergon Energy’s Safety, Environmental & Ergonomic Policies.

6. **General**

All fabricated units shall be supplied in pieces to be bolt assembled and shall be based on the principles contained in AS 4100.

All components shall be fabricated using jigs and machines such that close tolerances are maintained and burred and sharp edges, weld spatter, weld slag and galvanising slag are avoided.
7. Materials and Standards

All towers shall be fabricated from mild steel or high tensile steel manufactured by an approved process. Both mild steel and high tensile steel shall be of a quality not inferior to Grades 250 (or 300) and 350 in accordance with AS 3678 and AS 3679. The steel shall be in all cases free from blisters, scale, laminations or any other defects.

Grade 350 material, denominated as HT on the Drawings, shall be clearly identified at all stages of storage and fabrication by colour coding and labels.

Bolts shall be supplied in accordance with AS 1559 and shall be fitted with galvanised spring washers.

8. Fabrication

8.1 Cutting, Drilling, Deformation and Punching of Members

All members shall be carefully cut and holes accurately located, so that when members are assembled, the holes will be truly opposite each other before being bolted.

Holes in material having a thickness exceeding 15 mm or exceeding the diameter of the holes shall be drilled, other holes may be punched.

The diameter of the hole shall not exceed that of the bolt by more than 1.5 mm, measured before galvanising for bolts 16 mm and less and 2.0 mm for bolts greater than 16 mm measured before galvanising. In addition, the diameter of the die used in the punching machine shall exceed the diameter of the punch by the minimum practical amount so as to avoid excessive hole taper and consequent heavy bearing stress on the bolt shank. In no case shall the die exceed the punch diameter by more than 12.5 percent.

Deforming of members by swaging, opening or closing angle legs shall only be permitted where this detail has no detrimental effect on the performance of the structural element.

All punched or drilled flanges of rolled steel sections shall have a width equal to or greater than 45 mm for nominal bracing and 50 mm for load carrying members.

All plates up to 12 mm in thickness may be bent cold. Plates greater than 12 mm may be bent cold provided the angle of set does not exceed 15°.

8.2 Erection Marks

Before galvanising all members shall be stamped with an alphanumeric mark number (as shown on the relevant drawing) to identify the member and also a mark to show whether the member is of high tensile or mild steel. This marking shall be carried out in such a manner as to enable it to be clearly read after galvanising.

9. Welding

9.1 Welding Personnel

All welding shall be carried out by qualified welders experienced in the type of work covered by this Specification and under the supervision of the Contractor’s Welding Supervisors satisfying the requirements of AS 1554 Part 1.
The Superintendent reserves the right to request welder qualification tests at any time or withdraw approval of any welder whose work, in the opinion of the Superintendent, is unsatisfactory. All costs of welder qualification tests and re-tests shall be at the Contractor's expense.

9.2 Welding and Welding Procedures

Welding procedure shall be in accordance with AS 1554 Part 1.

The Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent for approval at least 14 days prior to the commencement of welding, full details of the position, edge preparation, welding procedure and welding consumables which he proposes to use for any welds to be adopted.

The Superintendent reserves the right to withdraw approval of any welding procedure which, in the opinion of the Superintendent, does not provide satisfactory welds in practice. The Contractor shall submit alternative welding procedures for approval. All costs of delays and testing shall be at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall carry out all welding in accordance with Section 14.3.4 of AS 4100 and AS 1554 part 1. All welds shall be continuous.

Butt welds shall be full section, complete penetration welds unless otherwise shown on the drawings. All welds shall be of a configuration which allows full coverage by radiography and/or ultrasonic testing. Where joints are welded from both sides, the second side to be welded shall be chipped, ground or flame or are gouged to sound metal and of a shape which will ensure proper fusion and penetration.

The Contractor shall use a suitable welding sequence on seam welds to minimise heat inputs and shall take suitable measures to keep torsional and other distortions of welded box section members and other steelwork within specified limits.

The Contractor shall not butt weld members to produce longer lengths except where specified on the drawings or approved by the Superintendent.

Repair of welds shall be carried out in accordance with Section 5.8 of AS 1554 Part 1.

9.3 Finishing

The surface of all welds shall be smooth and free from sharp contour changes.

The Contractor shall remove all burrs and sharp edges from all steelwork before galvanising.

Welded end plates and contacting surfaces of parts to be bolted shall be free from distortion which would prevent the connecting faces from being in full contact when bolted.

10. Galvanising

All ferrous items shall be hot dip galvanised in accordance with AS/NZS 4680 after all fabrication is completed. Bolts and nuts shall be hot dip galvanised in accordance with AS 1214.

The zinc coating shall be adherent, smooth, continuous and thorough, free from lumps, blisters, gritty areas, uncoated spots, acid and black spots, dross and flux or other defects. The members shall not be supported whilst in the galvanising process through the conductor and earthwire fitting attachment holes.
Particular care shall be taken in the handling and storage of galvanised steelwork to minimise damage and avoid the occurrence of “white rust”. Reference should be made to the provisions of Appendix F of AS/NZS 4680.

Galvanised sections shall be passivated in a 0.2% sodium dichromate solution or its equivalent applied by the galvaniser.

After hot-dip galvanising, the maximum allowable bow in any of the main members shall not exceed 1 in 500 measured in any plane. Approved steel gauges of the stub type or other gauges approved by the Superintendent shall be provided by the Contractor to the extent required by the Superintendent to enable him to carry out any checking of members considered necessary.

Grinding for removal of excess zinc shall not be carried out unless approval is granted by the Superintendent.

Paragraph E1 of Appendix ‘E’ AS/NZS 4680 shall not apply. Objects where the total damaged or uncoated area exceeds 100 mm² shall be regalvanised (equivalent to 10mm by 10mm).

11. Tests and Inspections at Contractor’s Works

11.1 Inspection

The Contractor shall be responsible for quality control and inspection of all materials and processes of fabrication and galvanising to ensure that the materials and workmanship comply with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and this Specification. However, the Superintendent may independently inspect and test materials, fabrication and galvanising.

The Contractor shall give the Superintendent two weeks advance notice in writing of fabrication and testing and furnish the Superintendent with all test certificates for materials and fabrication processes.

The Contractor shall carry out any reasonable tests required by the Superintendent but not specifically nominated in the Australian Standards or this Specification, such tests being at the Principal’s expense except where results show defective materials or workmanship in which case the expenses shall be to the Contractor’s account.

The Contractor shall repair or replace to the satisfaction of the Superintendent materials and workmanship which do not comply with the Specification.

11.2 Material Tests

All steelwork and material provided under this Specification shall be subject to such tests and inspections as are usual in the best practice and as may be necessary in the opinion of the Superintendent, to determine whether they comply in all respects with this Specification and to prove their safety and suitability for the use to which they will be applied. These tests shall include, but not be limited to, mill test certificates of steel and compliance and test certificates of bolts in accordance with AS 1559.

Samples selected at random by the Superintendent or his duly authorised representative may be taken from this material after it has been allocated for fabrication of specific tower member and suitably identified. The samples shall then be subject to check tests. Should any specimen so tested fail to meet the requirements, the procedure for additional tests, if any, set out in the relevant Australian Standards or ISO Standards shall be carried out.

Failure of the check tests, unless stated otherwise, shall result in rejection of the material. The Contractor shall give every assistance to the Superintendent’s representative to enable a check to
be made of high accuracy of all instruments used during the tests either by the production of a recently certified calibration report for the instruments or by actual calibration in his presence of the instruments against accepted standard equipment.

The Contractor shall bear the costs of all tests and members used for the tests.

11.3 Galvanising Tests

One steel tower member, at the option of the Superintendent shall be withdrawn from each batch after galvanising and test specimen shall be taken there from and submitted to testing for quality and weight of coating in accordance with AS/NZS 4680. The test specimens shall have a minimum coated area of 600 mm².

The selected tower member shall be suitably marked for identification with the batch it represents and should the specimens taken from it fail their tests, an additional tower member or members sufficient to provide twice the original number of specimens shall be selected. Should the second series of tests fail, the batch represented shall be rejected.

In the event of rejection, a batch may be stripped and regalvanised once only.

The tests shall be made in accordance with the appropriate Standards previously listed in this Specification for quality and for weight of coating by stripping. The Contractor shall bear the cost of all tests and members used for the galvanising tests.

Welding Tests

All welds shall be categorised SP or GP as defined in AS 1554 Part 1.

Tests shall be carried out on 5% of Category SP welded joints using ultrasonic, x-ray or (if approved by the Superintendent) other methods. The Contractor shall bear all of the costs of the tests required by this sub-clause.

12. Leg Extensions

The Superintendent may require the supply and erection of leg extensions of -1 m, +1 m, -2 m or +2 m on any tower height. The cost of the supply of these leg variations shall be included in the Schedule Rates for each tower type and height.